NAG Fortran Library Routine Document F07ADF (SGETRF/DGETRF)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07ADF (SGETRF/DGETRF) computes the LU factorization of a real m by n matrix.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO7ADF(M, N, A, LDA, IPIV, INFO)
ENTRY sgetrf (M, N, A, LDA, IPIV, INFO)
INTEGER M, N, LDA, IPIV(*), INFO
real A(LDA,*)
```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine forms the LU factorization of a real m by n matrix A as A = PLU, where P is a permutation matrix, L is lower triangular with unit diagonal elements (lower trapezoidal if m > n) and U is upper triangular (upper trapezoidal if m < n). Usually A is square (m = n), and both L and U are triangular. The routine uses partial pivoting, with row interchanges.

4 References

Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

1: M – INTEGER Input

On entry: m, the number of rows of the matrix A.

Constraint: $M \ge 0$.

2: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the number of columns of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

3: A(LDA,*) - real array

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the m by n matrix A.

On exit: A is overwritten by the factors L and U; the unit diagonal elements of L are not stored.

4: LDA – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07ADF (SGETRF/DGETRF) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq \max(1, M)$.

Input/Output

5: IPIV(*) – INTEGER array

Output

Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least max(1, min(M, N)).

On exit: the pivot indices. Row i of the matrix A was interchanged with row IPIV(i) for i = 1, 2, ..., min(m, n).

6: INFO – INTEGER Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, u_{ii} is exactly zero. The factorization has been completed but the factor U is exactly singular, and division by zero will occur if it is subsequently used to solve a system of linear equations or to compute A^{-1} .

7 Accuracy

The computed factors L and U are the exact factors of a perturbed matrix A + E, where

$$|E| \leq c(\min(m, n))\epsilon P|L||U|,$$

c(n) is a modest linear function of n, and ϵ is the **machine precision**.

8 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately $\frac{2}{3}n^3$ if m=n (the usual case), $\frac{1}{3}n^2(3m-n)$ if m>n and $\frac{1}{3}m^2(3n-m)$ if m< n.

A call to this routine with m = n may be followed by calls to the routines:

F07AEF (SGETRS/DGETRS) to solve AX = B or $A^TX = B$;

F07AGF (SGECON/DGECON) to estimate the condition number of A;

F07AJF (SGETRI/DGETRI) to compute the inverse of A.

The complex analogue of this routine is F07ARF (CGETRF/ZGETRF).

9 Example

To compute the LU factorization of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.80 & 2.88 & 2.05 & -0.89 \\ 5.25 & -2.95 & -0.95 & -3.80 \\ 1.58 & -2.69 & -2.90 & -1.04 \\ -1.11 & -0.66 & -0.59 & 0.80 \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO7ADF Example Program Text
     Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
      .. Parameters ..
                       NIN, NOUT
      INTEGER
     PARAMETER
                       (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      INTEGER
                     MMAX, NMAX, LDA
                      (MMAX=8,NMAX=8,LDA=MMAX)
     PARAMETER
      .. Local Scalars ..
     INTEGER
                     I, IFAIL, INFO, J, M, N
      .. Local Arrays ..
                      A(LDA,NMAX)
     real
      INTEGER
                       IPIV(NMAX)
      .. External Subroutines .
     EXTERNAL sgetrf, XO4CAF
      .. Intrinsic Functions ..
      INTRINSIC
                      MIN
      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT, *) 'F07ADF Example Program Results'
      Skip heading in data file
      READ (NIN, *)
      READ (NIN,*) M, N
      IF (M.LE.MMAX .AND. N.LE.NMAX) THEN
         Read A from data file
        READ (NIN, *) ((A(I,J), J=1,N), I=1,M)
         Factorize A
         CALL sgetrf(M,N,A,LDA,IPIV,INFO)
         Print details of factorization
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         IFAIL = 0
         CALL X04CAF('General',' ',M,N,A,LDA,'Details of factorization',
                     IFAIL)
        Print pivot indices
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'IPIV'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99999) (IPIV(I), I=1, MIN(M,N))
        IF (INFO.NE.O) WRITE (NOUT,*) 'The factor U is singular'
      END IF
      STOP
99999 FORMAT ((3X,7111))
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
FO7ADF Example Program Data

4 4 :Values of M and N

1.80 2.88 2.05 -0.89

5.25 -2.95 -0.95 -3.80

1.58 -2.69 -2.90 -1.04

-1.11 -0.66 -0.59 0.80 :End of matrix A
```

9.3 Program Results

FO7ADF Example Program Results

Deta	ils of fact	orization		
	1	2	3	4
1	5.2500	-2.9500	-0.9500	-3.8000
2	0.3429	3.8914	2.3757	0.4129
3	0.3010	-0.4631	-1. 5139	0.2948
4	-0.2114	-0.3299	0.0047	0.1314
IPIV				
	2	2	3	4